

4 Attempt any two of the following : 20

(a) Prove that $B(m, n) = \frac{\sqrt{m} \sqrt{n}}{m+n}$; $m, n > 0$.

(b) Show that $\iiint \frac{dx dy dz}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2 - y^2 - z^2}} = \frac{\pi^2 a^3}{8}$, the integral being extended for all +ve values of the variables for which the expression is real.

(c) Evaluate, by changing order of integration

$$\int_0^{2a} \int_{y=\frac{x}{2}}^{2a-x} xy \, dx \, dy$$

5 Attempt any two of the following : 20

(a) If $u = x + y + z$, $v = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$, $w = xy + yz + zx$ show that $\nabla u, \nabla v, \nabla w$ are coplanar.

(b) Prove that $\nabla^2 f(r) = f''(r) + \frac{2}{r} f'(r)$

(c) Verify Green's theorem

$$\int_C (x^2 y \, dx + x^2 \, dy)$$

where C is the boundary described counter clockwise of triangle with vertices (0, 0), (1, 0), (1, 1)

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TMA-101

Printed Pages : 4

Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book

Roll No. 0908010135

B. Tech.

(SEM. I) (ODD SEM.) EXAMINATION, 2009-10

MATHEMATICS - I

Time : 3 Hours

[Total Marks : 100

1 Attempt any four of the following : 20

(a) Find the normal form for the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & -2 & 6 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) Examine if the following equations are consistent, if consistent, solve them and write the nature of solution

$$3x + 3y + 2z = 1, \quad x + 2y = 4, \quad 10y + 3z = -2,$$

$$2x - 3y - z = 5.$$

(c) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

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(d) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$, find the modal matrix P and

resulting diagonal matrix D of A .

(e) Find the characteristic equation of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

and hence evaluate A^{-1} .

(f) Prove that characteristic roots of unity matrix are of unit modulus.

2 Attempt any four of the following :

(a) If $y = (x^2 - 1)^n$, use Leibnitz's theorem to show that

$$(1 - x^2)y_{n+2} - 2xy_{n+1} + n(n+1)y_n = 0$$

(b) If $u = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x+2y+3z}{\sqrt{x^8+y^8+z^8}} \right)$, show that

$$xu_x + yu_y + zu_z = -3 \tan u.$$

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(c) If $u = f(y-z, z-x, x-y)$, prove that

$$u_x + u_y + u_z = 0$$

(d) Expand x^y in powers of $(x-1)$ and $(y-1)$.

(e) If $u = x^2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y}{x} \right) - y^2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{y} \right)$ evaluate

$$x^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2xy \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + y^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}.$$

(f) If $u = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$; $v = x + y + z$,

$w = xy + yz + zx$. Prove that Jacobians of (u, v, w) w.r.t. x, y, z , vanishes identically.

3 Attempt any two of the following :

(a) In estimating cost of a pile of bricks measured as $6 \text{ m} \times 50 \text{ m} \times 4 \text{ m}$ the tape is stretched 1% beyond the standard length. If the count is 12 bricks in 1 m^3 and bricks cost Rs. 100 per 1000, find the approximate error in cost.

(b) Find the volume of the largest parallelepiped that can be inscribed in the ellipsoid

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

(c) Find the maximum and minimum distances of the point $(3, 4, 12)$ from the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$, using Lagrange's multipliers method.

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