

## B Tech III Semester Back Paper Examination - 2016

### TCE302-Basic surveying

M.M. 100

Time 3 Hrs

Note: Attempt all questions. Each question is of 20 marks.

Q.1 Attempt any 4 parts, each part is of 5 marks

- A. Explain the basic principle of surveying.
- B. Define the terms compensating and cumulative error.
- C. Explain the fundamental lines of theodolite and its desired relationship.

E. In an old map a line AB was drawn to a magnetic bearing of  $5^{\circ}30'$  the magnetic declination at the time being  $1^{\circ}$  East. To what magnetic bearing should the line be set now if the present magnetic declination is  $8^{\circ}30'$  East.

Q.2 Attempt any 4 parts, each part is of 5 marks

- A. A 20 m chain was found to be 10 cm too long after chaining a distance of 1600m. It was found to be 16 cm too long at the end of day work after chaining total distance of 2800m. Find the true distance if the chain was correct before the commencement of the work.
- B. Define the following term : (1) local attraction (2) Benchmark
- C. Discuss two point problems.
- D. Briefly describe any one method of interpolation.
- E. Discuss the instruments in plane table surveying with the help of neat and clean diagram.

Q.3 Attempt any 4 parts, each part is of 5 marks

- A. Describe with the help of sketches the characteristics of contour.
- B. What are the temporary adjustments of theodolite? Explain the repetition method for measurement of horizontal angle with the help of theodolite.
- C. The following reading refer to reciprocal leveling taken with one level:

Instrument at	Reading on		Remark
	A	B	
A	1.824	0.929	Distance b/w A & B= 1110m
B	2.748	1.606	R.L of A= 130.815m

Determine:

- i. The true difference in elevation between A & B
- ii. The reduced level of B
- iii. combined correction for curvature and refraction
- iv. angular error in the collimation adjustment of the level

Q.4 Attempt any 2 parts, each part is of 10 marks

- A. The following bearing were observed in running a closed traverse:-

LINE	F.B	B.B
AB	$75^{\circ}5'$	$254^{\circ}20'$
BC	$115^{\circ}20'$	$296^{\circ}35'$
CD	$165^{\circ}35'$	$345^{\circ}35'$
DE	$224^{\circ}50'$	$44^{\circ}5'$

EA

$304^{\circ}50'$

$125^{\circ}5'$

Determine the correct magnetic bearing if declination was  $5^{\circ}10'$ , what are the true bearings?

B. The particulars of a traverse survey are given below:

LINE	LENGTH (M)	BEARING
AB	150	$342^{\circ}$
BC	513	$14^{\circ}$
CD	315	$137^{\circ}$

Calculate the distance between point E on AB, 100 m from A, and a point F on CD, 125 m from C.

C. Draw a neat sketch of circular curve define and show the following notation thereon:

- (i) Back tangent (ii) forward tangent (iii) point of curve (iv) point of tangency
- (v) Angle of intersection (vi) angle of deflection (vii) long chord (viii) apex distance
- (ix) Mid ordinate (x) point of intersection

Q.5 Attempt any 2 parts, each part is of 10 marks

- A. What is transition curve? When and why it is used? Write a note on different type of transition curve.
- B. What do you mean by orientation? Explain the method of orientation by method of back sighting. Also mention the Lehman's rule.
- C. Prove that the shape of well-conditioned triangle is isosceles with base angle equal to  $56^{\circ}14'$ .

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